INSIGHTS of the INDUSTRY

PROPERTY TIMES, NST Friday 03 September, 2010

STRAITS TIMES

Friday, September 3, 2010



Open letter to Finance Minister:

No to regulation

Limiting only registered property managers to run shopping malls will have serious shortcomings

regulate the business of property management, we would like to bring to your attention that this will be a leap backwards in the growth of the country.

We don't see the rationale that property managers must be registered valuers.

We, the Persatuan Pengurusan Kompleks Malaysia (PPK) or the Malaysian Association for Shopping and Highrise Complex Management, is concerned with the proposed amendments to the Valuers, Appraisers and Estate Agents Act (VAEA Act) because the proposals will be in essence an effective exclusion and prohibition of shopping mall managers to provide proven effective mall management.

Shopping mall management goes beyond property management. It is a property-based business where revenue, value-adds, property value enhancements and sustainability come from entrepreneurial flair and business acumen.

PPK sees minimal value-adds from registered valuers, which are limited to valuation aspects. On the other hand, they would add another level of cost to the operating costs.

The scope of property valuation and property valuers is different from mall managers. In most cases, it does not include mall management, which is multi-disciplinary.

Mall management encompasses engineering, marketing, architecture, law, project accounting, public relations, corporate communications, advertising, event management, car park and security management, and more.

Although mall management professionals are not registered valuers with the Board of Valuers, Appraisers and Estate Agents (BVAEA), they are more than capable in their functions and have proven that.

Suria KLCC, Pavilion KL, 1 Utama, Sunway Pyramid Shopping Mall, Lot 10, Sungei Wang and many other world-class shopping centres in the country have achieved global recognition, evident in the various prestigious awards conferred on them by recognised bodies such as the International Council of Shopping Centres (ICSC) and the International Real Estate Federation (Fiabci).

For the past 50 years, ICSC has been the recognised authority on shopping mall management, and still is, while Fiabci is the most influential global real estate association with representation in 60 countries.

PPK currently has over 300 members – comprising owners, developers and managers of shopping malls country-wide – tasked with looking after 100 million square feet of nett lettable area worth some RM100 billion. Moreover, the shopping industry employs 500,000 people directly.

If the proposed amendments to the VAEA Act are approved by Parliament, mall management would become the exclusive and unchallenged right of property valuers and appraisers registered with BVAEA.

page 5, please



Mixed reactions to management standards

Stakeholders welcome implementation but voice concerns

By Roznah Abdul Jabbar

Persatuan Pengurusan Kompleks Malaysia (PPK) or the Malaysian Association for Shopping and Highrise Complex Management says implementation of the Malaysian Property Management Standards, which came into force from June 1, is good for the property industry.

However, PPK is concerned that only registered valuers can act as property managers (see cover on "Open Letter to Finance Minister").

On the standards, PPK president Chan Hoi Choy said they can provide recourse for property owners for any property management related issues.

"The idea behind such standards is to ensure service uniformity is rendered by property managers. As such, there is a degree of professionalism expected from them as well.

"The standards can be used as performance measurements with clear definition of what is required," he said.

However, Chan noted PPK resents that only registered valuers can act as property

managers.
"From what we are aware,
Malaysia is the only country
in the world that adopts
such restrictive legislation.

"In the shopping centre context, property management may not equate to centre management as the latter deals beyond building maintenance and rent collection.

"Centre management calls for a broader scope and in-depth variegated skills normally not applied in property management

property management.
"In simpler terms, centre managers can be seen like specialist doctors while property managers can be seen as general doctors," he explained.

He also pointed to the Valuers, Appraisers and Estate Agents Act 1981 which defines property management as the management and control of any land, building and interest therein, excluding the management of property-based businesses, on behalf of the owner for a fee.

The Act gives exemptions

The Act gives exemptions to property-based business es to be managed by specialist managers other than property managers. These include hotels, mostles, hostels, plantations, quarries, marinas, ports, golf courses, cinemas, stadiums, sport complexes and hospitals.

complexes and hospitals.
"PPK strongly opine that
property-based businesses
should be expanded to
include shopping centres
just like hospitals and



hotels," Chan said, adding that consideration and exemptions must be given to centre managers when it

comes to the standards.

Meanwhile, Building
Management Association
of Malaysia president Datuk
Teo Chiang Kok said property owners should be the
only persons to determine
who are the most appropriate to be engaged to manage their properties.

There should not be impediments by law or regulations to interfere with their freedom of choice to select who to manage, protect and enhance the values

of their property invest-

"Over the last 30 years, developers and owners have been managing their properties and the teams that have been engaged have garnered very deep knowledge and experience in managing many and mega properties.

"They are on par with others anywhere in the world and their expertise are sought after by developers and owners overseas," he said.

According to him, due to the multitude of functions and different needs and emphasis of different the standards enable joint management bodies to monitor the quality and performance of professionals who manage the common areas and facili-

ties in highrise properties.

The National

House Buyers Association says

usage of buildings, no one individual or profession can monopolise property management services.

"The most rudimentary and visible functions of property management are daily maintenance chores such as cleaning and preparing the building for occupants such as switching on the lights and air-conditioning.

"However, the more

"However, the more important but less obvious functions of property management encompass security, safety and health, traffic and car park management, marketing, leasing, credit control as well as advertising and promotions with different emphasis depending on the usage of the buildings under management," he said. He noted property man-

He noted property management is also becoming more sophisticated and comprehensive with mix-use developments encompassing different uses within one mega complex. These include offices,

These include offices, hotels, serviced apartments, condominiums, shopping centres, medical centres and education centres all integrated into one complex.

National House Buyers Association (HBA) welcomes the property management standards. Its honorary secretary-general Chang Kim Loong said these enable the joint management bodies (JMBs) to monitor the quality, standard and performance of the professionals who carry out management of common areas and facilities in highrise properties.

He said the Board of Valuers, Appraisers and Estate Agents (BVAEA) was set up to regulate these professionals and it is spelt out that those doing such work must be registered.

"Together with the registration and the property management standards by BVAEA, the house buyers and JMBs will be assured of quality work," Chang added.

PROPERTY TIMES, NST Friday 03 September, 2010

No empirical proof valuers are better managers

from cover

This is despite the fact there is no empirical evidence to show valuers are better mall managers. Over 95 per cent of shop-

Over 95 per cent of shopping malls today are in fact managed by non-valuers. Against this backdrop, it can create a fertile condition for rent seeking where there is minimum value-add.

We feel regulation will only jeopardise the shopping mall industry, which has registered total sales turnover of RM75 billion a year, as well as adversely affect the tourism industry.

In 2009, foreign spending on shopping alone amounted to RM15 billion, representing a significant 28 per cent of tourism receipts valued at RM54 billion.

Therefore, much is at stake. Limiting only registered property managers to run shopping malls will have serious shortcomings in the shopping industry, which is managed mostly by non-valuers.

by non-valuers.
In the globalised world,
Malaysia's business practices including trade rules
and regulations should
be liberalised, competitive and business friendly,
not restrictive and archaic.
Limiting mall management
to a select profession is certainly out of sync with the
rest of the world.

Our property sector is a vital cog in our economy where best universal practices should apply in a free and open economy.

For the local economy to compete and prosper, it must embrace globalisation and liberalisation.

Malaysia is a signatory to the Asean Free Trade Area or AFTA and the World Trade Organization or WTO. Legislation must create a conducive haven for business investment, especially foreign direct investments (FDIs).

A monopoly by any board is therefore regressive and will only hurt the country's efforts in promoting to international investors. Our FDIs for 2009 had already plunged 81 per cent compared to 2008's.

Putting more restrictive regulations such as the proposed amendments to

Business practices including trade rules and regulations should be liberalised, competitive and business friendly, not restrictive and archaic.

the VAEA Act can deter FDIs on shopping malls in the

country.

FDIs can certainly play a very significant role in boosting shopping mall investment in the country.

Over the past years, billions of ringgit have been raised from FDIs through shopping mall real estate investment trusts. However, there is substantially greater potential to be realised from the shopping mall segment.

segment.
In the drive to raise the per capita income in the country to US\$15,000 (RM47,000) in year 2020 from the current US\$7,500 (RM23,500), the wholesale and retail sectors, which include shopping malls, must not be derailed in any

way or by any constrictive legislation that serves to impair the country's economic interests and welfare.

We seek the government's consideration and support to ensuring that the proposed amendments to the VAEA Act do not proceed as scheduled in Parliament in the interest of safeguarding the diverse interests of all stakeholders in the mall management industry in particular and the sustainability of the real estate sector in general.

Chan Hoi Choy President Persatuan Pengurusan Kompleks Malaysia (Malaysian Association for Shopping and Highrise Complex Management) BUSINESS TIMES, NST Monday 19 July, 2010

Malls eye RM63b shopping revenue from tourists

By Vasantha Ganesan

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FOREIGN tourists are expected to spend a whopping RM58.89 billion shopping in the country in 2020, accounting for 35 per cent of the total foreign exchange receipts of RM168 billion then.

But local malls expect to ring up

a little more than that.

Malaysian Association of Shopping and Highrise Complex Management (PPK) president H.C. Chan expects foreign tourists to spend RM63 billion on shopping in 2020.

This is four times more than what was achieved in 2009 from shopping at RM14.94 billion, from Sales expected to climb 10-15pc: B2

a total foreign exchange earnings of RM53.37 billion.

Last year, for every RM100

spent by a visitor, 28 per cent went into shopping or a total of RM631 per person.

This compares with the top two shopping destinations in the region—Singapore and Hong Kong. The 2020 target set by the Malaysian government is similar to Singapore's where each visitor spent 35 per cent or RM988 on

shopping, while in Hong Kong they spent 57 per cent or RM1,311.

We are confident that today's 28 per cent tourist spending in shopping can be increased to 40 per cent level by 2020, as there is a tremendous potential and strong upside to move up tourist

TURN TO B15, COL. 1



Chan feels that even if duties were not removed completely but reduced, it will create an incentive for people to spend more.

Mall rentals here 25pc lower than in S'pore

EROM R1

spending in malls," Chan told Business Times in an interview.

The mall beneficiaries of the tourist dollar now include Suria KLCC and Sunway Pyramid, where tourist spending can be between a fifth and a third of total sales derived by the mall. Tourists spend two to three times more than locals and in terms of absolute numbers, the amount is substantial.

One way of getting tourists to buy more

in Malaysia is by making Malaysia more competitive. Duties on imported branded items are now as high as 30 per cent.

Chan feels that even if duties were not removed completely but reduced, it will create an incentive for people to spend more as what they will be buying is cheaper.

Operating costs are already competitive as mall rental rates in Malaysia are 25 per cent lower than in Singapore. As such, a product can be priced much lower if duties are reduced! "Tourists need to feel that they are saving 10 per cent to 30 per cent if they shop in Malaysia," he said.

"We hope something substantial or a breakthrough will result from the ongoing National Key Economic Areas (NKEA) Tourist Lab where key industry players and stakeholders are represented including PPK," he added.

The Performance Management and Delivery Unit (Pemandu) under the Prime Minister's Department, is facilitating the NKEA Labs.

BUSINESS TIMES, NST Monday 19 July, 2010

Retailers set to ring up higher sales

By Vasantha Ganesan

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RETAILERS located within malls are expected to enjoy a 10 per cent to 15 per cent sales growth this year, compared with a low single-digit growth in 2009.

The forecast beats both the projected 6 per cent 2010 economic growth and the Malaysian Association of Retailers forecast for the country of 5 per cent.

"Generally, as an industry, the worst

s over.

"There was a turn in the fourth quarter of 2009, which saw a marked improvement in sales," Malaysian Association of Shopping and Highrise Complex Management (PPK) president H.C. Chan said.

"This improvement has carried forward to this year, and we hope it sustains. Traditionally, the second half of the year is stronger.

■ TURN TO B15, COL. 1

PPK darifies mall rental

BUSINESS TIMES, NST

Tuesday 20 July, 2010

THE Malaysian Association of Shopping Complexes and Highrise Complex Management (PPK) has clarified that mall rental is Malaysia is a quarter of rentals in Singapore and not as reported. The article "Malls eye RM63b shopping revenue from tourists" yesterday, stated that rental rates in Malaysia are 25 per cent lower than in Singapore.

FROM B2

"(As such) We are expecting a doubledigit growth of between 10 per cent and 15 per cent in sales for our retailers this year." Chan told Business Times in an interview.

Chan said the projection is in line with a continued improvement in the global and local economies, both of which are closely intertwined and have direct impact on the disposable income for the man on the street.

"In Malaysia, the spending in shopping mall is a good barometer of the state of health of our national economy, hence assuming our gross domestic product (GDP) growth of 5 per cent to 6 per cent is attainable for 2010, then the double-digit retail growth in the shopping mall industry is achievable," he said.

Klang Valley to be key driver of retail sales

Overall, all states are expected to perform reasonably well. However, Klang Valley will be the key driver of retail sales in Malaysia as more than 140 malls are located here and 40 per cent of the total retail sales comes from here.

Going forward, the outlook is rosier as the government looks to increase per capita income to US\$15,000 (RM48,000) by 2020 from US\$7,000 (RM22,400) now. By 2015, per capita income is set to touch US\$12.140 (RM38.848).

"This is good news for the shopping industry, as it means that consumers will have a high disposable income (provided inflation is well controlled)," he said.

Doubling the per capita income is tantamount to doubling our population. After all, the Malaysian retail scene is very much driven by domestic consumption, which contributes to over 90 per cent of total sales.



Malaysian malls in regeneration phase

By Vasantha Ganesan

nstp.com.my

THE key theme for Malaysian shopping malls over the next decade is regeneration.

It is a transformation that in-cludes both an extension of an existing mall or an extensive makeover of a mall, Malaysian Association for Shopping Com-plexes and Highrise Complex Management (PPK) president HC Chan said.

"After a 35-year history of malls, we are now entering the regeneration phase. Some of the shopping centrés will undergo a change," Chan said. "There will be more regener-

ation (activities) rather than building of new malls," he said, adding that malls will transform

to become more niche. This, Chan said, largely because the current 100 million sq ft of net lettable area of retail space within shopping com-



Regeneration via expansion includes Mid Valley Megamall in Kuala Lumpur, which added the Gardens.

plexes is sufficient to cater to the existing market.

Regeneration via expansion included Mid Valley Mega Mall, which added the Gardens, Suria KLCC with a retail podium in Lot C, and Sunway Pyramid, which added a second phase and is now working on a third and a

fourth retail phase.

One mall that recently underwent a major makeover is The Mines following the takeover by CapitaLand's CapitaMalls Asia

Another example is Kl. Plaza that will be relaunched as Far-enheit 88 after it undergoes a

massive RM100 million renov-

Similarly, UE3 (now Viva Home), Phoenix Plaza and Kenanga Wholesale Centre are also being rejuvenated.

"Until the greater Kuala Lumpur plan takes shape, there will be no mega shopping structures. Until then, there will be only me-dium sized malls," Chan said, adding that most other mall openings will continue to be within the Klang Valley. "The next wave of substantial

shopping malls development will be in the next three to five years when huge parcels of prime Kuala Lumpur land are opened for development," Chan

Today, the Malaysian shopping mall industry comprising 300 malls is worth some RM100 billion in real estate value and provides direct employment for 500,000 people.

THE SUN Wednesday 30 June, 2010

'Don't make us

> Unfair to make landlords liable for offences committed by tenants, say seven associations

BY ALYAA ALHADJRI

ETALING JAYA: Developers, retailers and building owner are against the proposal to amend the Copyright Act to ake landlords liable for copyright fringement offences committed by

make landlords liable for copyrigh infringement offences committed their tenants. "Landlords should not be held liable, nor should they be forced to play the role of law enforcement offense to police convicts." officers to police copyright infringement by their tenants," said head of Associated Chinese Chambers of Commerce and Industry of Malaysia's (ACCCIM) construction

Malaysia's (ACOCIM) construction and property committee, Datuk Teo Chiang Kok, yesterday.

"The amendments will unfairly include landlords of premises used for infringing activities – instead of only focusing on the perpetrators," he told a press conference where seven associations jointly issued a statement to oppose the proposed amendments.

The associations are ACCCIM, The associations are AUGLIM, Real Estate and Housing Developers Association (Rehda), Malaysian Association for Shopping and Highrise Complex Management, the Malaysia Retailers Association Malaysia Retailers Association (MRA), Malaysia Retailers-Chain Association, Building Management Association of Malaysia and International Real Estate Federation, Malaysian Chapter.
Domestic Trade, Cooperative and Consumerism Minister Datuk Sri Ismail Sabri Yaacob had last month announced the government's plan to

amend Section 36(2b) and Section and section 3(42) of the act which pertain to ownership, distribution and sale of copyrighted material without licence. Now, Section 36(2b) makes it an

copyrighted material without licence. Now, Section 36(ab) makes it an offence for any person to import or distribute any article without licence or consent from the copyright owner. This includes pirated movies and music CDs, software and imitation branded goods.

Under the proposed amendment, the landlords will be made liable and a person found with just one infringed copy of copyright material whether for private or commercial use can be charged, instead of a minimum of three infringing copies as the law stands now. as the law stands now. Teo said that the relationship

Teo said that the relationship between landlord and tenant was governed by the common law principle that a landlord shall grant his tenant "quiet enjoyment of the premise". "With the proposed amendment, the landlord has to police the usage of the premise and effectively interferes with a fundamental aspect of the relationship with his tenants," he said. He said that the amendments will not only affect landlords who owned commercial premises, but also

commercial premises, but also private property owners, who will be implicated if their tenants were

implicated if their tenants were caught infringing copyright laws. He said that landlords were also exposed to financial liabilities when they took up the role of "enforcemen officers", as they might face legal action from their own tenants due to their inadequate knowledge of copyright laws.



doing business and indirectly deter foreign direct investments.

Chen's views were echoed by Malaysian Association for Shopping and Highrise Complex Management president Richard Chan. "It is unrealistic to expect developers or owners of retail outlets to personally visit and monitor every single unit in their building to ensure that there are no items sold that infringe copyright laws," he said. "Law enforcement is the responsibility of the respective government agency and to impose this on the landlord is an abdication of their role to private individuals," he said. Rehda past president Datuk Eddy Chen Lok Loi said it was unfair for Chen Lok Loi sand it was ultitar for the government to "pass the buck" to the landlords and find a scapegoat for its lack of enforcement capabilities. He said for the landlords to train or employ "enforcement officers" just to curb copyright infringement in their premises would increase their cost of

The associations said they had had several dialogues with the ministry

since the proposal was mooted in 2007, but to date, the government had not heeded their views. "Everytime revisions were made to the proposal, the content was still the same, with which wordings choosed." only the wordings changed, lamented Teo.

He said the government's stand was that "landlords should know their tenants" before entering into any agreement and should, therefore, be held responsible for any illegal activities conducted in their

BUSINESS TIMES, NST Wednesday 30 June, 2010

Proposed Copyright Act amendment 'may hit FDIs, rental market'



From left: Teo, Rehda representative Datuk Eddy Chen and Fiabci representative Richard Chan at the press conference yesterday.

By Sharen Kaur

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PROPERTY-RELATED associations said the flow of foreign direct in-vestments (FDIs) into Malaysia and the rental market may be affected if the Copyright Act 1987 is amended.

The government wants to change the act to take action against landlords whose premises are used to sell infringing materials for commercial purposes like pirated video compact discs.

compact discs.

Domestic Trade, Cooperatives
and Consumerism Minister Datuk
Seri Ismail Sabri Yaakob had said
the amendment, which may be
tabled soon in Parliament, would ensure landlords are held respons-ible if their premises are used to sell pirated items

Datuk Teo Chiang Kok, the national council member of the Associated Chinese Chambers of Commerce and Industry of Malaysia (ACCCIM) said the pro-posed amendment will scare in-

vestors.
"It will burden the landlords,

also cost-wise, as they would have to make regular checks at the premises. This is asking them to be police when it is the responsibility of the govern-ment. We are all affected by the move, which is far reaching, Teo said.

Making landlords liable for their tenant's act in carrying out illegal businesses is unreasonable, he

Teo was speaking to reporters yesterday in Bandar Utama, Selangor, in a joint conference hosted by ACCCIM, Rehda, Fiabci, the Malaysian Association for Shopping and High-rise Complex Management, Malaysia Retailers Association and Building Management Association of Malaysia.

Teo said the government should review the amendment as it will not necessarily erase the problem.

"Don't pass the buck just because the government cannot solve it. We have had on-going dialogues with the ministry since 2007 on this matter but to no avail.

"All of us are objecting to proposed amendment. The public at large, will be affected. The landlords or property owners will suf-fer," he said.

Teo said as far as he is concerned, no other law in the world has that

THE STAR Wednesday 30 June, 2010

Landlords 'no' to enforcer role

Seven groups oppose move to make owners liable for errant tenants

PETALING JAYA: Seven business and real estate associations are opposing the proposed amendments to the Copyright Act 1987 that holds landlords liable when their tenants use their property for intellectual property and copyright infringement activities.

They described the amendments, requiring landlords to police the usage of their premises or properties and to be held responsible for tenants' wrongdoings, as "unfair, unreasonable, untenable and impracti-

They also expressed fear that this would dampen the property rental market and discourage foreign and local investors from investing in the property market.

The seven are the Associated Chinese Chambers of Commerce and Industry (ACCCIM), Real Estate and Housing Developers' Association Malaysia (Rehda), Malaysian Association for Shopping and Highrise Complex Management, Malaysia Retailers Association, Malaysia Retailer-Chains Association, Building Management Asso-ciation of Malaysia (BMAM) and International Real Estate Federation Malaysia Chapter.

"It is totally unreasonable from the point of enforcement of public law. The enforcement agencies

must do their jobs. If they can't solve them, they should not pass the buck to landlords. Landlords can't be the police. They neither have firearms nor laws to protect themselves against danger," said ACCCIM representative Datuk Teo Chiang Kok at a joint press confer-

ence here yesterday.

Former Rehda president Datuk
Eddy Chen Lok Loi said the move
would increase the cost of doing

business as they have to train staff

on enforcement and supervision.

BMAM secretary-general S.

Venkateswaran said building man-

agers' responsibility was to ensure properties are in good condition. "It's not possible for them to con-duct raids as they would require search warrants," he said, adding that the move would be detrimental to investment initiatives by the gov-





付。"

犯法。"

系结束。"

任 ""

戶有盜版碟捉業主

上面 故事

他们称, 留消部已召见他们, 并说明修

他们每,質和部已召见他们,并说明整 正法令的内容。而政府在建议书中就提到业 主必须对租户触犯版权法令负起责任。 他们说,政府的建议书还提及业主必须 商保租户没有触犯版权法令,而版权法令 步及的产品范围广泛、从光碟到安包或农物 等、全部都纳入在内。

盼政府勿推卸责任

这些社团包括乌来西亚中华工商联合会、乌来西亚房地产商公会、乌来西亚房地产商公会、乌来西亚陶物中心和高极大厦市服协会、乌来西亚陶物中心和高极大厦市服协会大厦市场地产联合会。乌来西亚建筑物管理协会及国际房地产联合会。

联合发言人马来西亚中华工商联合会中

(八打灵再也讯)至今还没有提呈国会通过的1987年版权法令 修正案,引起政府、商界及民间的争议,多个社团及商业团体周 二发表联合声明,反对政府将反盗版的执行责任推卸给业主。他 们声称,一旦1987年版权法令修正通过后,业主必须承担租户犯

下盗版法令的责任及赔偿,面对罚款及监禁的风险,这对业主非常不公平。

央理事拿督张昌国在记者会上指出,如果将 执法的权力推向业主,这与政府被赋予执行 即案的权力是不符合的。 "业主不敢允许进入租户的单位拿取盗 版物品,因为这等同于犯下私陶民宅的罪

他披露·贺消部曾在今年5月及6月召集 他们开会,表示有意参订1987年版权法令。 他说,尽管修改法令还未提呈给国会, 但政府表示将在不久作出上述的行动,使业 主表示担忧,因此召开记者会,提出他们的

有关的建议对业主来说并不公平也是 一种负担。业主必须承担政府的执法责任, 政府不应该推卸责任。"(CD)

指對業主不公嚇跑外資

□ ★四亚中平1、每联合会 中央理事张昌国说。业 主对版权法令没有足够的知识,也没有企业知识分辨赞品 的真的。—且业主展发租户龄 犯版权法令、业主及租户的关 系也随即统结。安举注的是立 主。而他们也必须采担财务上 的报失。

他也表示・业主来自本地及 国外・一旦业主必须为租户错

误的行为负土责任,是 不公平的,这也会使外国 投资商对我国却步。 "业主及租户的关系应

■张昌国表 示:拥有3张 同样盗版光碟或

物品减少为拥有 一张盗版光碟或物

品就属犯法的条例

端水馬尔法的景例。 将加剧贪污及温权的 情况。

业主及租户的关系原 该建立在业主让租户在租 聘产业时,享有宁静的经 同。如果业主享有执法的权 力,租户的宁静空间将被干 顶,进而导致主宾关系结 束。"(CD)



圖屬 何欣瑜

盜

版

■ 陈莲花: 犯法·才必 须负责。

对于多个社团及商会提出的反对声源。国内 贸易与清费部局影长金修陈莲花披露,所 贸易与清费部局影长金修陈莲花披露,所 谓业主或业主必须负起的法律责任,乃是指业主在知情的情况下健缺之题组户犯法,才必须负责。 她周二接受 代明日报》的电访时指出,一旦 1987年版权法令在修改后,业主在知情的情况下,仍然让租户从事违法活动。一步领责之是在安观租户从事违法活动。后,先致高通知业主;所以、业主在知情后必须采取行动;如禁止租份。以禁止租户继续从事违法活动。 如果业主在接到执法单位的通知后依然无动于衷,业主就必须负上法律责任,因为这样处知法犯法。 (CD)

否認政府推卸責任

对于执法的责任、贸清部副部长陈莲花说,人 对民应该与政府合作共同打击盗贩,而不是政 梅认为, 法令的修改是为了要打击盗贩,人民 废该给予执法单位合作,让执法工作更有效率。 "这是在打击事法活动情况下,人民与政府的 合作,不是我们在推卸责任。"(CD)



消協:租戶或陷害業主



■莫哈末尤斯夫:修 女后的法令将对业主 下公平,也不合理

□ 未直亚消费人协会联合会 □ 通讯部总监冀哈宋尤斯夫表 示:1987年版权法令—且经过修 正并获特国会三读通过信,将对 业主不公平,而且也不合理。 他同二接受《识明日报》访问时 指出,基本上业主把展子出租后,就 有工程是《对斯里子出的状况,也很康控制 但户易添助正路路。

租户是否购买盗版。

因此,他认为即将修改的法令对业 主很不公平,也不应该。

对业主不公平

不过,莫哈末尤斯夫认为还得看情况,若业主把屋子租给租户做生意,而租户售卖盗版光碟,业主就可能需要负

上一些责任。

(即與訊) 較州大臣拿督斯里 (你沙贊成政府积极进保护拥 有成活动, 也可谓是 (下) 的现在是 (下) 的是 (下)

家利益小受影明。 "虽然多数消费者认为盗版物品不会造成伤害,但这对努力干的与发明新产品的人士不公平,

因此我希望清费者拒绝购买盗版

因此我希望清贾看担靶购头验域 货品。 大臣周二上午为被州贾清局等 行的"谢绝签版" 超党运动主持 推介礼时强调。既然我国拥有3项 保护版权的相关法令,有关单位 应加强监督与执法工作。 他书也,组维数据,陈州干

是加州組織等3次法工作。 他指出,根据数据,玻州于 2009年至今年6月27日期间,共值 破31宗涉及盗版货品的案件,其 中14宗为去年的案件,其余17派

E一些责任。 此外、他也表示法令修改后可能衍生更多问题、如业主是否图 能把屋子出租、出租后又必须时常挂心等。 "若租户不满业主、或许还可陷害业主,只要把一些盗贩光碟 发在家里,就会一并被对付。"(TRX)

玻大臣:保障開創者利益

年1月至上述日期被揭发

末依沙披露,去年涉及盗贩光 碟的案件则有3宗,价值17万9555 令吉;今年则破获8宗案件,光碟 价值72万8360令吉。

玻今年侦破9赝品案

大马多个公会发表联合声明。反对政府将执行版权法令的法律责任推卸给业主,增加业主的负担。 左 为杜炳钧、陈海全、张昌国、曾福传、陈志强、刘玉英及卡斯瓦然。

官員收版權費應出示文件

上午 合发表声明的商会及公会说,在音乐创作人版权保护法令下,称为执法官员者 应该在收取版权费时,出示执照或文件证明他们的合法性。 他们建议执法官员必须出示他们与所代表 的歌手或唱片公司所签署的台列,列出代表 歌手名单及代表的歌曲、商标及艺术已品名 单,并且公开交给创作者或持有人的版权

他们建议大马唱片播放版权有限公司 (PPM),音乐著作人版权保护有限公司 (MACP)。以及今年才开始收费的音乐演艺者

(與ACF),以及今年不开頭吸收的百年級已看 权益有限公司(PRISM) 将所有详细资料,點在 阿上供公众壹阅。 他们表示,对政府修订版权法令的努力表示 交持,但也希望有一个公平及公正的待遇,保 障公会会员及消费者。(CD)



盜

1987年版权法令一旦经过修 后、任何拥有一片盗版光碟者,都是 属于违法、而住家藏有盗版光碟或充 当兜售用途、业主和持有者一样会被提

柜。 在现有的法令下,拥有超过3张盗版先碟,而且是离业用 途的持有者。对会受到对付。一旦法令修正,除了商业用途 的持有者。私人持有监板先碟者也有可能被对付。 政府原订今年6月向国会提呈有关修正的法令。惟目前未 有动静。修改后的法令也包括对付生产、鉴用版权 人工及私人拥有者。惟政师还没有最终的决定。 在1987年版新结本序、任任礼、检阅3087年版和

大工及私人拥有者。惟政府还沒有最好的定定。 在1987年版权法令下。任何人触犯1987年版权 法令。可被罚款2000至2万令吉。或监禁最高

修正部分法令·包括 1972年商业法令 及2000年光 碟法令

版 除了修改1987年的版权法令, 贸消部也 持 將

擁1盜版碟屬犯法 或導致濫權

陳業夫:業主不知情無罪



■陈业夫: 若业 主可证明自己不 主可证明在用担 知情,就不用担 心必须承担法律 责任。 责任。 他相信业主在不知情的情况下 不会受到影响,否则就对业主不公

"当然·如果业主已受到通知·却依然没有行动。 那他就应该去承担责任。" (CD)



■王志 坚:业主在 知情的情况下负 法律责任的做法 是可以接受的。

律師:沒侵犯業主權益

→ 业律师王志堅认为,政府为了打击盗威而修改法 中 表 要业主在知情的情况下负上法律责任的做法 是可以接受的,而这样的修改并没有侵犯业主的权益。 他说。在技法方面。公众有责任与技法单位合作,一 这是作为一个公民的社会责任。 他指出,租户一旦被取缔。而业主如能证明自己是 善意的不知情。法律可以从宽处理。 "相反,如果业主为了确保租户没有进行违法活动 而提色,并且犯下擅假民居的罪形"。 他说,业主在把单位租出后,必须得到租户的 同意,才可以进入相关单位。

建议业主租约阐明

他建议业主,在把单位租出去时,可以在租约 里阐明,租户不得在所租用的单位从事任何违法 里網明·租戶不得在於租用的單位於季江內及6 的活动或违反租约。否則业主有权中止租约。并 向租户索取赔偿。 他说。在这种情况下,至少可以让业主在面对 提控时,向租户追讨赔偿。 "不过,这并不意味着业主可以逃过法律责 "思想法"在战争和编码。"(CD)

任,因为法令终究超越所签署的租约。

P7

7・大・组・织・谈・反・盗・版・政・策

拥一盗版碟便定罪

草拟中条文不公**应取消**

(八打灵再也 29 日讯) 7大 织要求政府取消正在草拟中的 387 年版权法令第 42 (2) 条 ,有关条文建议,只要拥有一 盗版光碟或其他翻版物品,一 视为犯法。

引发更多滥权贪污

大马中华总商会理事拿督张 国说,若把拥有3张盗版光碟 限制降至拥有一张便定罪,将 发许多问题,包括滥权及腐败 污等。

他说,一般人无法分辨正版 及盗版货品,若花了钱不慎买 盗版货,正好又被执法单位逮 , 对消费人而言非常不公平。 张昌国也说,针对大马音乐

创作人版权保护协会、音乐演绎 者权益 (马来西亚) 有限公司及 大马唱片播放版权有限公司征收 版权费问题,7组织要求3个单 位出示合约及授权书,只要收费 合理,他们会缴费。

他说,这项问题从 2007年 延烧至今还未解决,3单位不愿 出示授权书及歌曲及歌星版权名 单,他们不可能照单付费。

"据我所知,歌曲版权有年 分限制,一些歌曲到了今天已不 需再付版权费。"

他说,进入科技化时代的今 天,3单位应把授权书及歌曲目 录上载到网站上,让运作更透明 化,让公众上网查询应该如何付 费。

文接 封面 业丰没举报如同谋

马来西亚中华总商会理事拿督张昌国在记者会说,执法是政 府的责任,强制业主来执行相同任务是不合情理,政府不应该把责 任交给私人界执行。出席者包括马来西亚购物与高楼协会中央理事 陈海全、大马建筑物管理协会总秘书 S.文嘉德斯瓦蓝、世界不动 产联盟大马分会理事刘玉英、大马零售商协会理事杜炳钧、马来西 亚房地产发展商会理事拿督曾福传及销售顾问陈志强。

张昌国说,上个月与当局对话时,业主获告知政府有意加强 业主对租户的监控权,计划拟定新法令,阐明业者应该了解租户的 行为,一旦租户犯法,而业主没有监督举报形同共谋,须一并接受 处分。

"这非常不公平,我们根本不可能知道租户是否违法,更不可 能定时上门检查,这是执法人员的工作。"

他说,这也牵涉到版权法令,他们不可能检查租户出售的所 有物品及仓库内的存货是否有盗版。

另外,他也指许多业者或租户都是外国投资者,他们都委托 本地产业顾问或公司去处理业务,这种情况之下,他质疑业主能亲 自监督租户。

"我国不像英国或澳洲,没有特定法令可管制业主及租户之间 的关系。"

他说,如果政府一意孤行,将造成我国产业出租领域蒙受损 失,届时也可能导致外资却步。



17 大组织要求政府取消正在草拟的 1987 年版权法令第 42 (2) 条文。左起为杜炳钩、陈海全、张昌国、曾福传、陈志强、刘玉英及 S.文

(八打灵再也 29 日讯) 国内 包括商业中心住宅 !易、合作社及消费人事务部执 ;主任罗斯兰声明, 贸消部不是 法,这些业主也会遭对付。 !业主执法,他们也没有权力执 他说,这是修正中的1987年版 权法令条文提出的一项建议。 不过,这项建议已经引起马来西 :,只是要业主协助监督及举报 卖盗版光碟或盗版产品的租 10

> 他说, 贸消部发现, 一些商 :中心或建筑物的租户售卖盗版 ,碟或盗版产品,有些业主不知 1,但也有业主是知情不报。

他受《南洋商报》询问时, I应以马来西亚中华总商会为首 17个组织要求政府检讨业主须 自监管租户违法行为的建议。

他说,修正的1987年版权 法令条文将赋予贸消部执法官 贸消部:租户违法应中止租约

主只须监督

员,上门检举商业中心或建筑物 及私人住宅。如果某个商业中心 的租户售卖盗版光碟或盗版产 品,被上门检举的贸消部执法官 员逮捕,该部将会照会商业中心 的业主。

"业主须立刻中止有关租户 的租约或租期,叫违法的租户搬 走。假如业主不听取部门的警 告,我们将会对付业主!

罗斯兰也说,同样的贸消部

执法官员也会上门检举私人住宅 的租户,一旦发现他们私藏盗版 光碟或盗版产品,屋主或房东须 立刻中止有关租户的租约或租 期,叫有关租户搬走。

租约应注明禁涉犯法活动

"若有关屋主或房东不理会 部门的警告,继续让有关租户居 住下去,他们将遭部门惩罚!"

罗斯兰认为,业主或屋主在

租约中应该有注明租户不能涉及 犯法活动,若租户犯法,他们有 权中止租户的租约或租期。

他说,假如业主或屋主没有 在租约中注明这些事项,他们应 该尽早补进去。

"我们也会让商业中心或建 筑物的业主及私人住宅的屋主, 进一步了解修正的 1987 年版权 法令条文。"

另外,他也声明,修正法案 至今也未提呈给国会,部门只是 在向业主收集意见,在草拟法案 时也会把他们的建议考虑在内。 如果这些组织有任何意见,可致 函给他安排对话会。



者,没经过专业训练,如何代替警 方执法?

(八打景真也29日讯) 翔户幸盗 业主要负起监管责任,否则将因 没有监督、举报或中止租约列为共谋 并被处分。七大组织同声反对要业

主亲自监管租户违法行为建议。 国内贸易、合作社及消费人事务 部执法主任罗斯兰说,修正的 1987 年版权法令各文下,一旦和户触犯版 年版权法令条文下,一旦租户触犯版 权法令,业者会因为没有监督、举报 或中止粗约等一并被处分,罚款 2000至2万令吉及监禁5年。

他说,这包括商业中心或建筑物

亚中华总商会、马来西亚南地产发展 商会、马来西亚购物与高楼协会、大 马零售商协会、马来西亚连锁协会 大马建筑物管理协会及世界不动产联 盟大马分会,七大组织的同声反对:

业主难代警方执法

他们要求政府正视建议业主会自 监管租户违法行为一事,因为业主只 是商人或投资者,没经过专业训练, 难以代替警方等执法组织执行任务。

●文装 A3